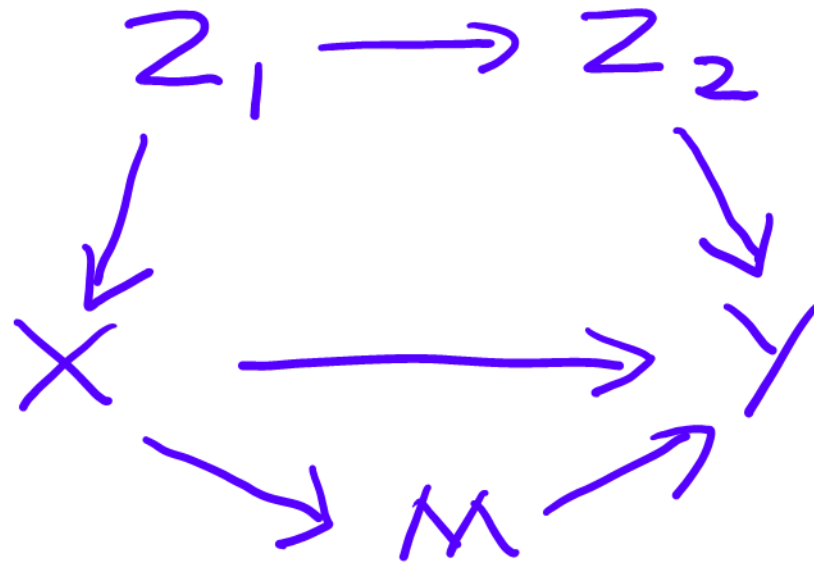


More sample questions for the final exam

- 1) Sample mid-term and mid-term questions
- 2) Redo the sample question about a lower triangular factorization $G = AA^T$ with an upper triangular factorization.
- 3) Suppose a positive definite matrix Σ can be factored as $\Sigma = AA^T = BB^T$ where A and B are square. Show there exists an orthogonal Γ such that $A = B\Gamma$.

4) Consider the output at the end for a non-linear model using nlme. Draw the predicted response curve for the first 1,000 days post-coma for a patient with 0 days in coma and for a patient with 100 days in coma.

5) Consider the following causal graph for the causal relationships among variables. You wish to estimate the causal effect of X on Y .



You may assume linear relationships.

Discuss the relative merits with respect to

- whether $\hat{\beta}_x$ is an unbiased estimate of the causal effect of X , and
- in where $\hat{\beta}_x$ is unbiased for the causal effect of X , compare $SE(\hat{\beta}_x)$

1) $Y \sim X$

2) $Y \sim X + Z_1$

3) $Y \sim X + Z_1 + Z_2$

4) $Y \sim X + Z_2$

5) $Y \sim X + Z_1 + M$

NLME CODE AND OUTPUT:

changing **dayspc** to **dayspc - 30** in the non-linear formula. If this works we can do the same for PIQ to have comparable results.

```
> fit.nlme.viq2 <- nlme( viq ~ b0 + b1*exp(-a*(dayspc-30)),
+       data = iq,
+       fixed = list( b0 ~ 1 + sqrt(dcoma) ,
+         .           b1 ~ 1 + sqrt(dcoma) ,
+         a ~ 1),
+       random = list( id = list( b0 ~ 1, b1~ 1 )),
+       start = list(
+         fixed = c(100, -.3, -10, 0, .3)),
+       control = list( maxIter = 100, returnObject = T),
+       verbose = T,
+       subset = dcoma < 100)
```

which converges in 3 iterations:

.

****Iteration 3**

LME step: Loglik: -1225.668 , nlm iterations: 1

reStruct parameters:

	id1	id2	id3
	-0.8286352	12.2429072	59.7420069

PNLS step: RSS = 9725.302

fixed effects: 99.2084 -0.561859 -6.79895 -1.87309
0.0214789

iterations: 7

Convergence:

	fixed	reStruct
	1.054542e-07	1.588532e-01

>

> summary(fit.nlme.viq2)

**Nonlinear mixed-effects model fit by maximum
likelihood**

```

Model: viq ~ b0 + b1 * exp(-a * (dayspc - 30))
Data: iq
Subset: dcoma < 100
      AIC      BIC    logLik
2469.336 2503.363 -1225.668

```

Random effects:

Formula: list(b0 ~ 1, b1 ~ 1)

Level: id

Structure: General positive-definite, Log-Cholesky
parametrization

	StdDev	Corr
b0.(Intercept)	1.254731e+01	b0.(I)
b1.(Intercept)	2.640292e-05	0
Residual	5.478719e+00	

Fixed effects: list(b0 ~ 1 + sqrt(dcoma), b1 ~ 1 + sqrt(dcoma), a ~ 1)

	Value	Std.Error	DF	t-value	p-value
b0.(Intercept)	99.20845	1.7262297	196	57.47117	0.0000
b0.sqrt(dcoma)	-0.56186	0.4940133	123	-1.13734	0.2576
b1.(Intercept)	-6.79895	2.2442154	123	-3.02954	0.0030
b1.sqrt(dcoma)	-1.87309	0.7804948	123	-2.39987	0.0179
a	0.02148	0.0044938	123	4.77971	0.0000

Correlation:

	b0.(I)	b0.s()	b1.(I)	b1.s()
b0.sqrt(dcoma)	-0.777			
b1.(Intercept)	-0.418	0.332		
b1.sqrt(dcoma)	0.312	-0.343	-0.860	
a	-0.148	-0.057	0.096	-0.058

Standardized Within-Group Residuals:

Min	Q1	Med	Q3	Max
-2.157276598	-0.389534045	0.007514936	0.366479340	1.903012142

Number of Observations: 324